

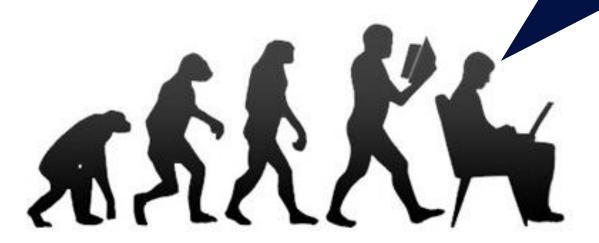
Health and wellness initiatives - Lunch and Learn

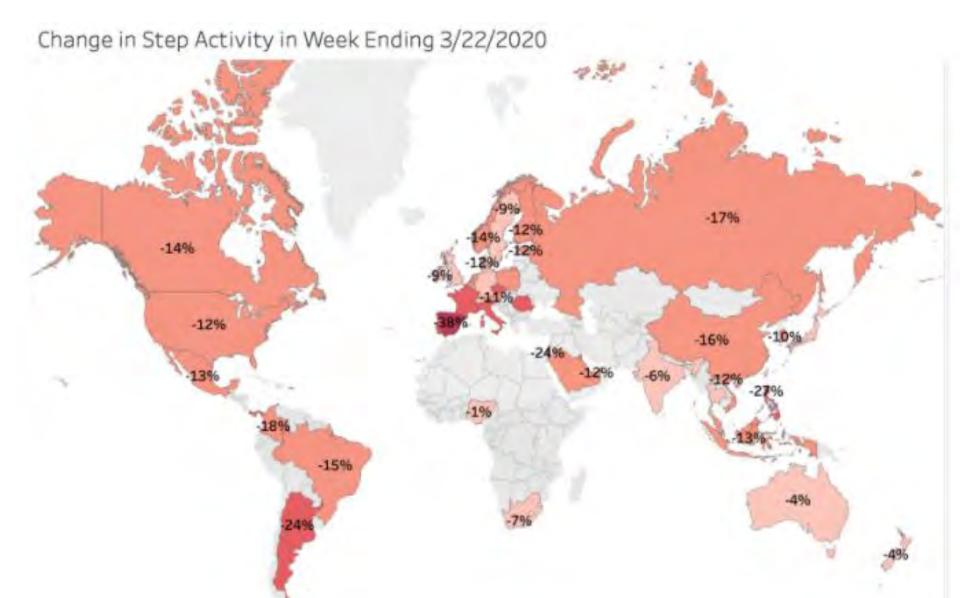
Keeping Fit in Isolation - What we know and what we can do!

Dr Matthew Wallen, Lecturer, Exercise and Sports Science 19 August 2020

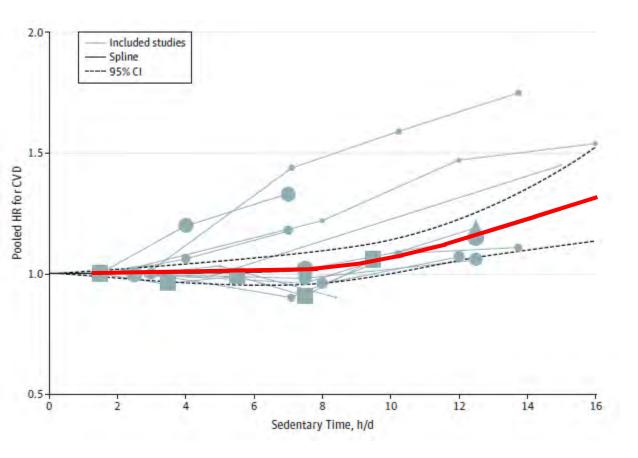




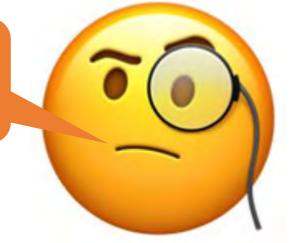


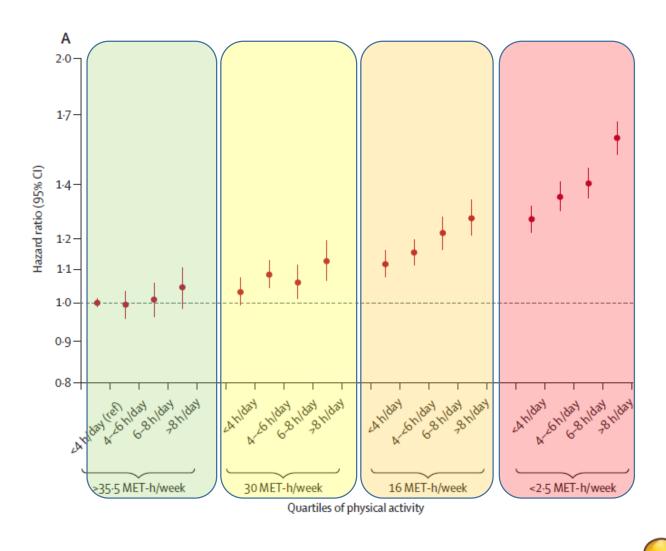






> 10 hr/day sedentary time = <u>↑ risk</u>





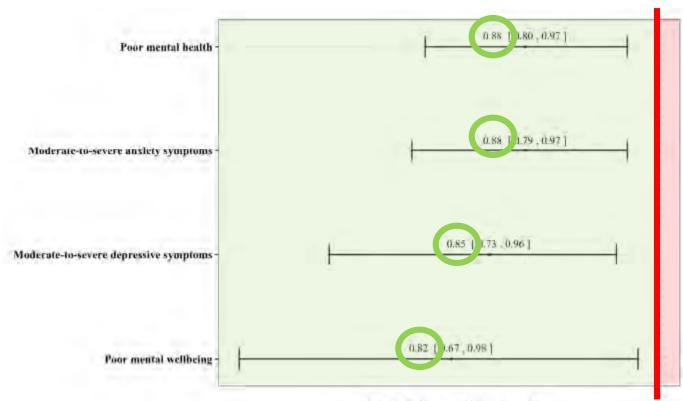
↑ PA (even in presence of prolonged sitting) can attenuate risks

## **Benefits of Physical Activity**

- † fitness and overall physical function
- ↑ muscle size and strength
- Improved bone health
- † immune defence
- Assist with weight loss and maintenance
- † balance and coordination
- ↓ blood pressure and blood sugar
- Improved mental health



## **Benefits of Physical Activity**



Odds ratio (95% confidence interval)

Rx

EXERCISE

Doing <u>some</u> physical activity is better than doing no physical activity!



The best physical activity is one that you will engage with and make it part of your day-to-day life!

#### **General Physical Activity Guidelines**

OR

OR

**AND** 

≥ 150 minutes/week of moderate-intensity physical activity

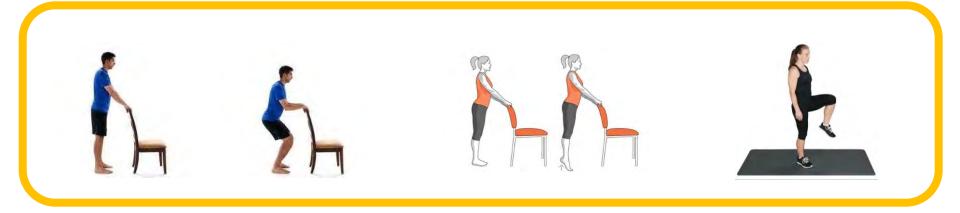
75 minutes/week of vigorous-intensity physical activity

An equivalent combination of moderate- and vigorous-intensity physical activity

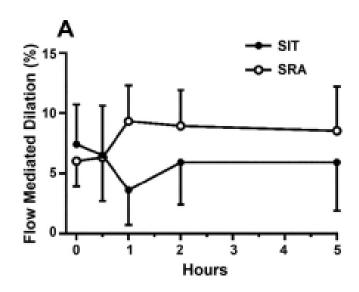
Muscle strengthening exercises of all major muscle groups on ≥ 2 days/week

Simple intermittent resistance activity mitigates the detrimental effect of prolonged unbroken sitting on arterial function in overweight and obese adults

Rachel E. Climie, 1,2\* Michael J. Wheeler, 1,3\* Megan Grace, Elisabeth A. Lambert, 1,4 Neale Cohen, Neville Owen, 1,4 Bronwyn A. Kingwell, 1,5 David W. Dunstan, 1,3,6,7,8,9 and Daniel J. Green<sup>3</sup>



3 minutes of exercise every 30 minutes improves artery health



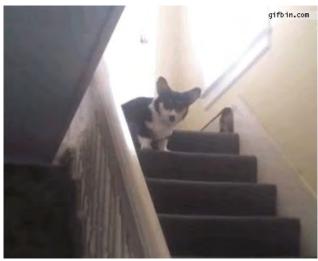


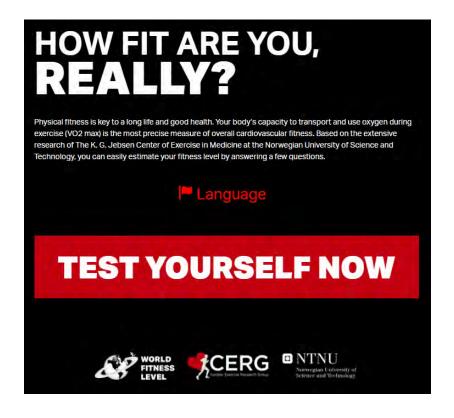
#### BRIEF COMMUNICATION

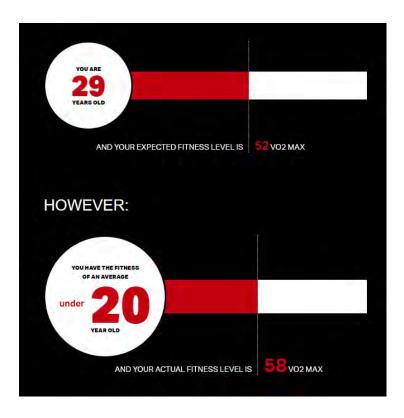
# Do stair climbing exercise "snacks" improve cardiorespiratory fitness?

E. Madison Jenkins, Leah N. Nairn, Lauren E. Skelly, Jonathan P. Little, and Martin J. Gibala





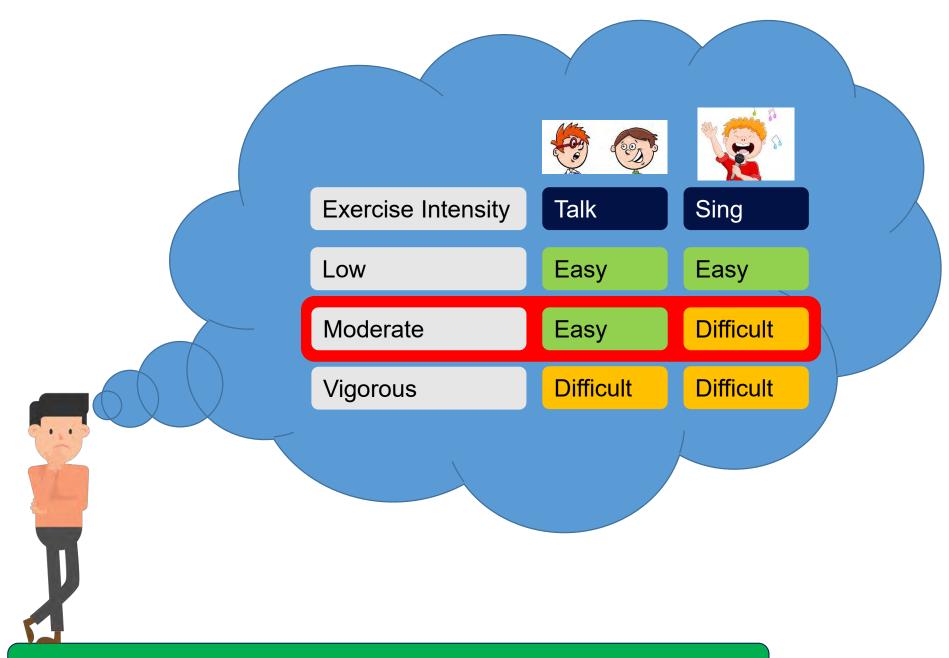




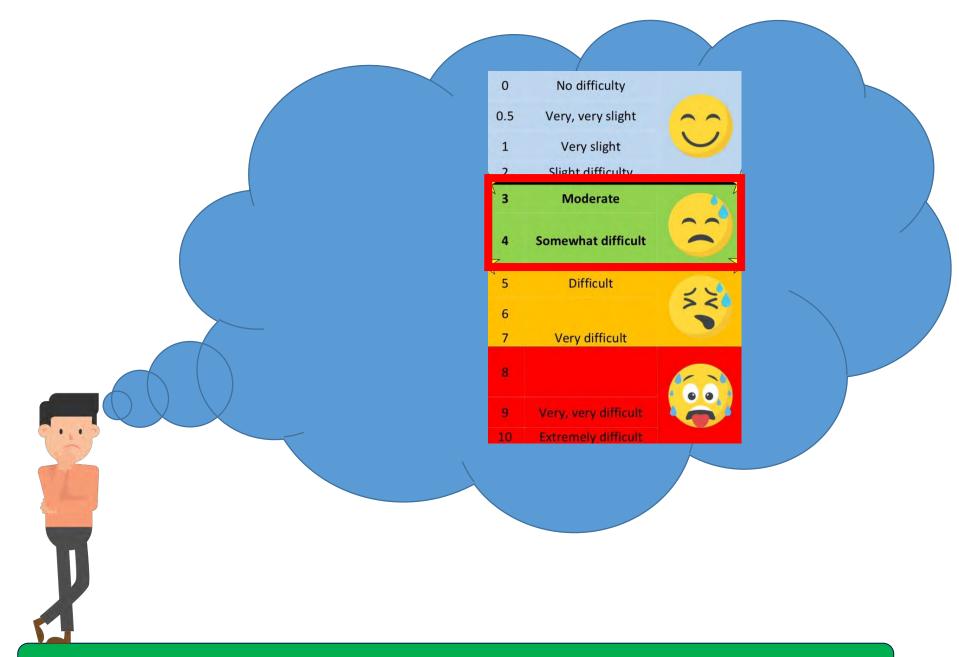


https://www.worldfitnesslevel.org/#/





Use the 'talk test' for exercise intensity



Use 'perceived exertion' for exercise intensity









Aim to be active in as many ways as possible!

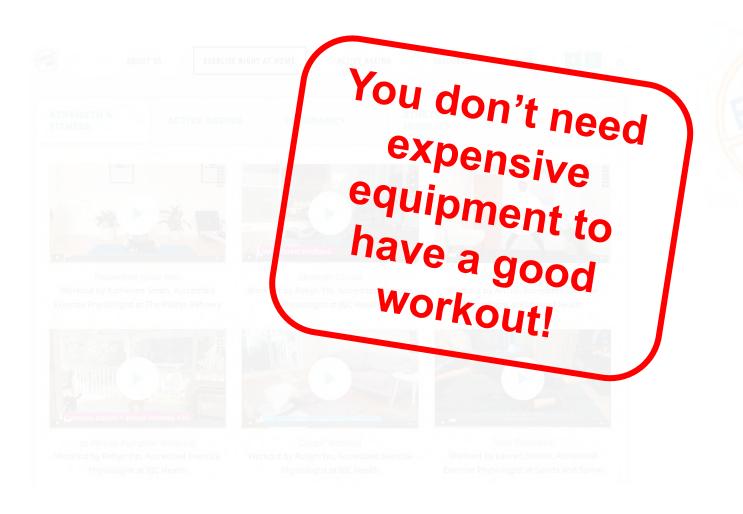




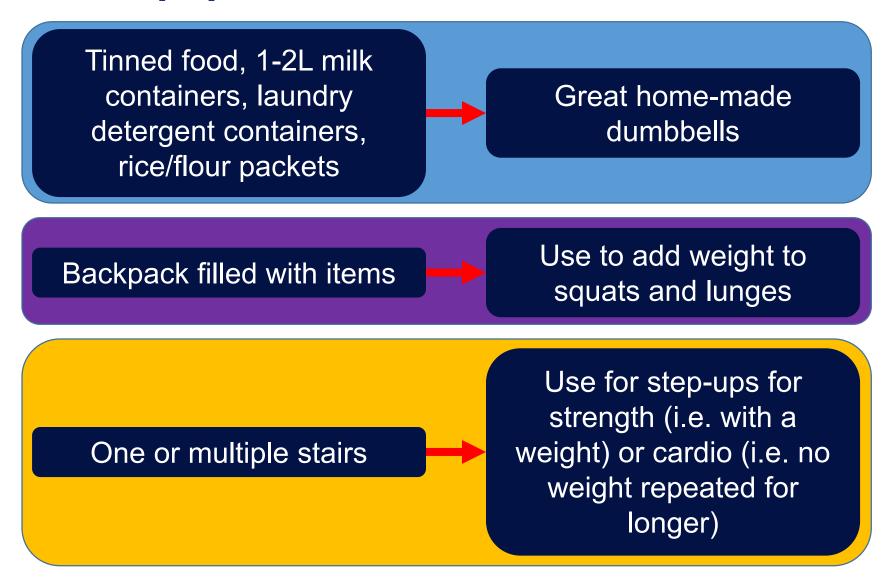




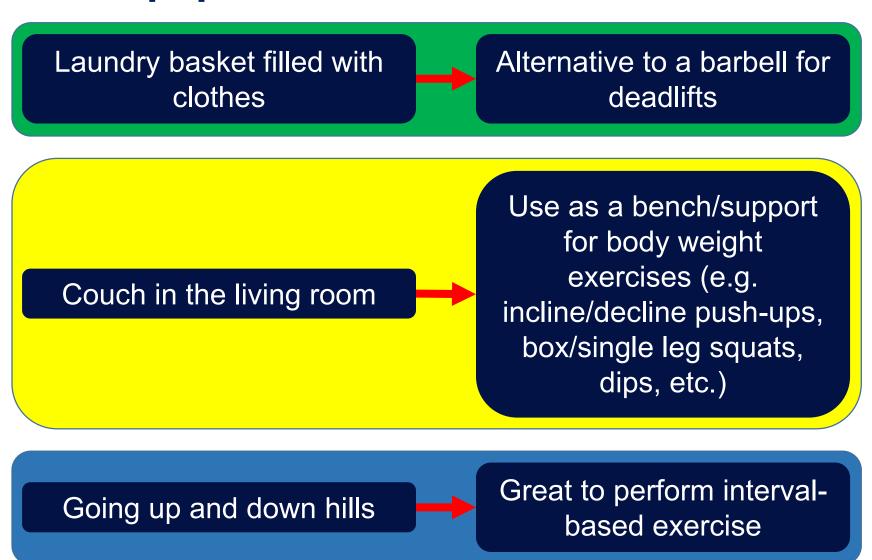
#### Free online home-based workouts at <u>exerciseright.com.au</u>



#### No equipment in isolation? No worries!



#### No equipment in isolation? No worries!



## **Physical Activity Considerations**

#### Before exercise...

- Your safety is the priority!
  - Diagnosed medical conditions, medications, pre-existing injuries, exercise-induced concerns
  - Minimal physical activity
- Pre-exercise screening recommended for everyone
- Consult an exercise professional or your GP if you have any concerns

**Do not** exercise if you have a current diagnosis of COVID-19, or similar symptoms

o use the information collected an system in no way guarantees again	nd to address nst injury or d	the aims of ea eath. No respo	ch stage. No warrar ensibility or liability v	t also includes guidelines (see User Guide) on how nay of safety should result from its use. The screening whatsperver can be accepted by Exercise & Sport
Science Australia, Fitness Australi iny person acting on any statemen				dicine for any loss, damage, or injury that may arise from
ull Name:				
Date of Birth:		Mal	le: Female	e: Other:
STAGE 1 (COMPULS	SORY)			
AIM: To identify individuals adverse event due to exercise session, res	exercise. An	adverse even	t refers to an unexp	pected event the sars as a consequence of an
This stage may be sel the figures on page 2.				case complete the questions below and refer to eening form please contact your exercise professional
				Please tick your response YES NO
<ol> <li>Has your medical practitioner e suffered a stroke?</li> </ol>	ever told you t	hat you have a	heart condition or	have you ever
Do you ever experience unexpli activity/exercise?	ained pains or	discomfort in	your chest at rest or	during physical
3. Do you ever feel faint, dizzy or	lose balanc	e during phys	ical activity/exercis	se?
Have you had an asthma attaclast 12 months?	ck requiring i	mmediate me	dical attention at a	ny time over the
5. If you have diabetes (type 1 or in the last 3 months?	r 2) have you	had trouble c	ontrolling your blo	od sugar (glucose)
6. Do you have any other conditi	ions that may	require spec	ial consideration fo	or you to exercise?
ar ar ar				
allied health professional or m IF YOU ANSWERED 'NO' to all of exercise per week.				ise.  Indicalculate your typical weighted physical activity/
Describe your current physical activity/exercise levels in a typical week by stating the frequency and duration at the different intensities.     For intensity guidelines consult figure 2.			Weighted physical activity/exercise per week	
Intensity	Light	Moderate	Vigorous/High	Total minutes = (minutes of light + moderate) +
Frequency (number of sessions per week)				(2 x minutes of vigorous/high)
Duration				TOTAL = minutes per week
			moderate intensity e	: exercise is recommended. Increase your volume and
(total minutes per week)			hen continue with y	rour current physical activity/exercise intensity levels.
(total minutes per week)  If your total is less than 150 minimutensity slowly.	al to 150 minu	tes per week t		
(total minutes per week)  If your total is less than 150 minimtensity slowly.  If your total is more than or equ		*************	sity, duration, modali	ity) with an exercise professional to optimise your results.
(total minutes per week)  If your total is less than 150 minimums in the sixty slowly.  If your total is more than or equ  It is advised that you discuss an	y progression	(volume, inten	STATISTICS AND ADDRESS.	ity) with an exercise professional to optimise your results. If within this screening tool is correct.

Diagnosed medical conditions, pre-existing injuries, exercise-induced concerns





Consult an exercise professional or GP before commencing exercise

Light-moderate intensity activity (or higher if advised)

## **Physical Activity Considerations**

#### During and after exercise...

- Your safety is the priority!
  - Abnormal chest pain, excessive shortness of breath, lightheadedness and dizziness → stop exercise and immediately seek medical care
- Adhere to social distancing laws for COVID-19 at home, in gyms, outside (e.g. parks, public exercise equipment)
- Maintain good hand hygiene
- Clean your exercise equipment

#### **Summary**

- Isolation ≠ inactivity
- Physical and psychological benefits from engaging in <u>regular</u> physical activity
- Some physical activity is better than doing none
- Pick an exercise that is safe, enjoyable, and that you'll perform regularly
- If uncertain, contact an exercise professional

