

Health and wellness initiatives - Lunch and Learn

'How can we feel safe in our homes?...I'm asking for a friend'

Associate Professor Elisa Zentveld

Dr Jess Cadwallader – Central Highlands Integrated Family Violence Committee

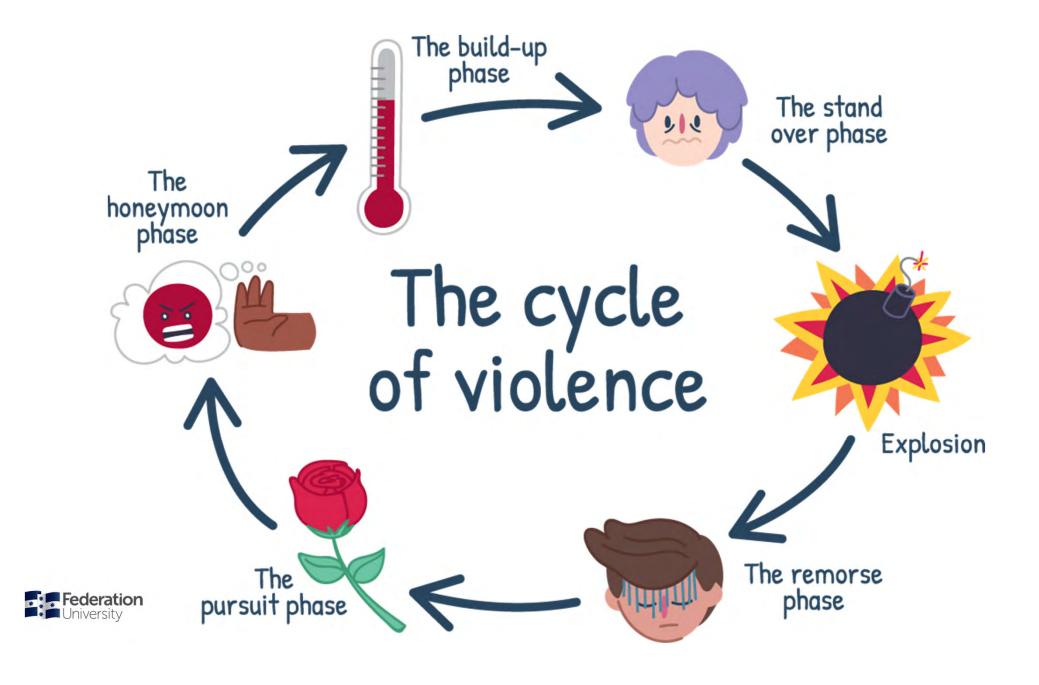
29 September 2021



How can we feel safe in our homes?...I'm asking for a friend

Overview of key points to discuss

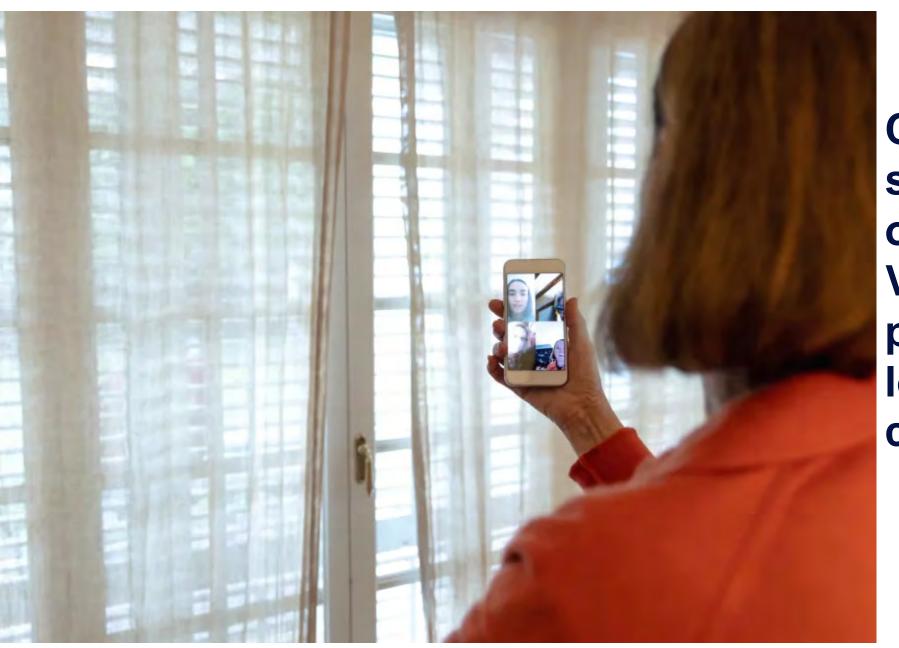
- Snapshot of Family Violence
- Family Violence and Family Law
- Family Violence and the role of Family and Friends
- What about the children?
- How can we recognise the signs of family violence?
- In lockdown with an abuser: How can we reach out when the victim is in the same house as the perpetrator?
- What supports are available?





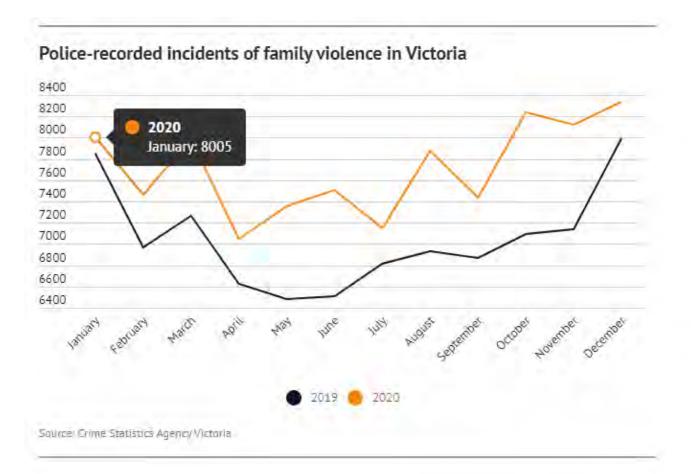






Current snapshot of Family Violence as pandemic lockdowns continue

Current snapshot of family violence





Current snapshot of family violence

- Family violence increases during disasters
- Recessions and unemployment impacts mental health, relationships and parenting which are recognised risk factors for FV
- Job losses from COVID-19 disproportionally impact women's employment





Women's poverty and disadvantage after family violence is higher in regional Australia

Maya*, 49 years old, from the Gippsland region, was the managing director of her own company for 20 years.

Whilst Maya's husband was abusive during the marriage, his financial and technological abuse increased after separation.

First lockdown imposed in Victoria in early 2020. "It was no longer possible to stay with people, go to a cafe or sit in the library and work. I was stranded — even the public toilets were closed"





Family Violence and Family Law



Family Violence and Family Law

- Legal Processes for separation
- Mediation
- 'Equal shared parental responsibilities' versus 'time with'
- Intervention Orders
- Further and better particulars
- Name changes for children









Marriage Counselling



Marital counselling often focuses on the violence as a product of the couple system rather than oppression of the woman

Source: Hattendorf & Tollerud, 1997, Domestic Violence: Counselling Strategies that minimise the impact of secondary victimisation,

Perspectives in Psychiatric care

CRICOS Provider No. 00



Support within FedUni

- FedUni Employee Assistance Program 1300 687 327
- Family violence support line 1300 338 465
- Many of our student-facing policies and procedures have been updated to better reflect family violence





What about the children?

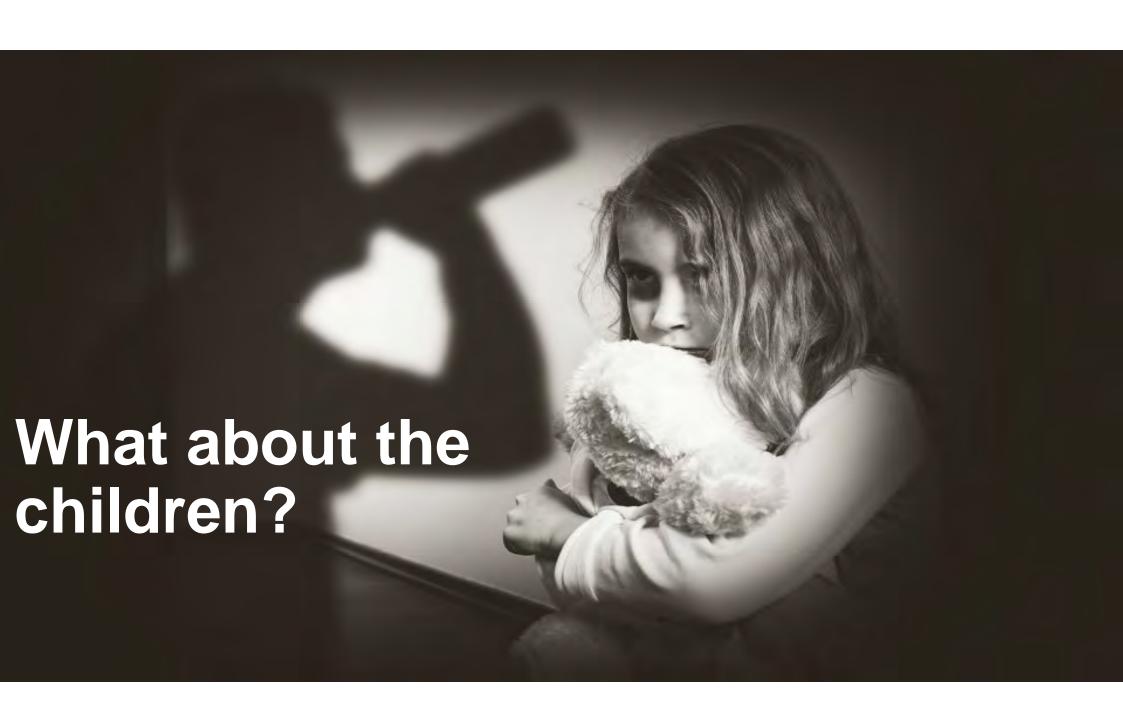
Family violence is traumatic for children

Children can be impacted by:-

- Hearing a parent being verbally abused
- Seeing a parent's injuries from physical abuse
- It is harder for a victim of family violence to deal with parenting challenges









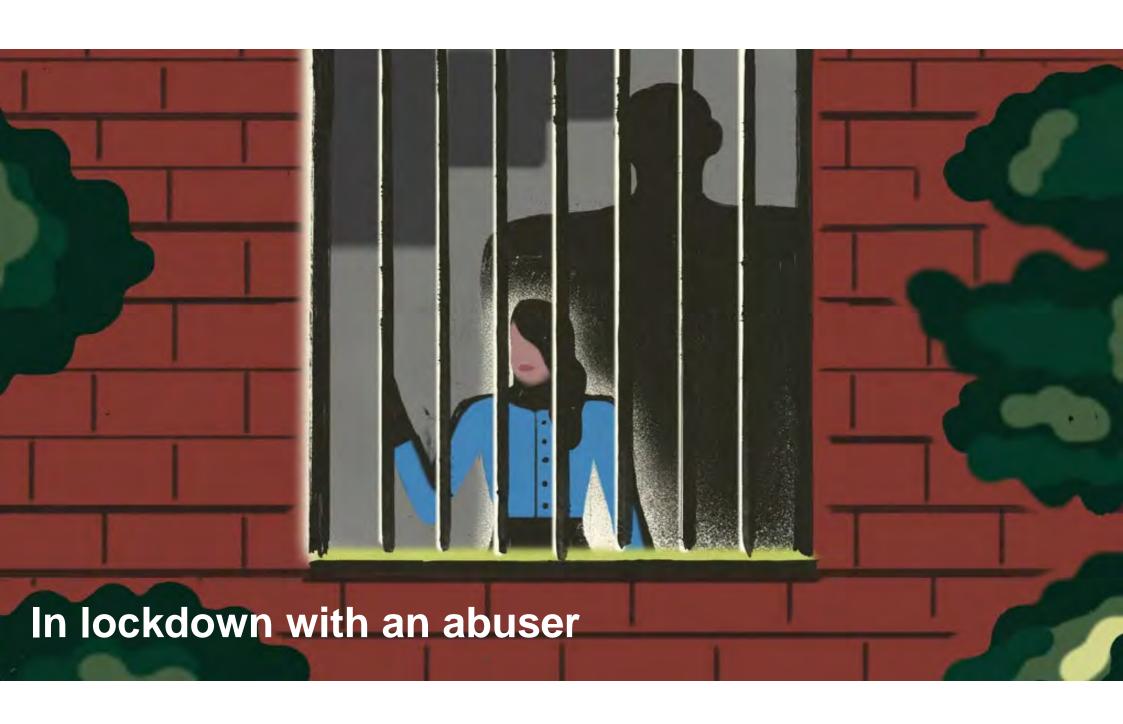
Dr Jess Cadwallader
Principal Strategic Advisor
Central Highlands Integrated Family Violence Committee
jess@chifvc.org.au

Evidence-based serious risk factors:

- New baby/pregnancy (assault during these circumstances is serious risk)
- Planning to leave or separate (escalation risk)
- Escalation in violence
- Controlling behaviours
- Access to weapons
- Strangulation/choking
- Threats to kill or harm victim survivor, children or pets
- Stalking
- Threats or attempted self harm or suicide
- Sexual assault of victim
- Obsession/jealousy towards victim
- Unemployed/disengaged from study
- Drug or alcohol use

Signs you might spot include:

- They're not coming to events anymore (and it's not because of restrictions)
- They check their phone frequently or anxiously when out with you
- They're not in contact as often as they used to be, or there are other signs of isolation
- They seem evasive or defensive of their partner
- They have a pattern of physical harm (bruises etc) especially over time
- They seem scared, depressed or unlike themselves
- They seem not to have money they used to have even though their financial circumstances seem the same



In lockdown with an abuser

Some suggestions:-

- Check in with them frequently
- Arrange to meet them as part of errands or chores
- If you are concerned for their safety, consider calling the police to do a welfare check
- Arrange a safe alternative form of communication, like a free email account that she only accesses via the web on her phone.
- Create a code word that can be used to let you know they need you to get help.
- Help them develop a safety plan: https://www.dvrcv.org.au/help-advice/guide-for-families-friends-and-neighbours
- Whatever you do, don't judge!







What supports are available?

Supports you can access

All specialist family violence services continue to operate during Covid-19 lockdowns. If you are concerned for someone's immediate safety, call 000.

orange



Safe Steps is Victoria's 24/7 Family Violence Response Centre. You can get in touch with them any time of the day or night, every day of the year, on 1800 015 188.

The Orange Door in Central Highlands
provides access to support and services for
people at risk, including for family and
domestic violence or abuse, and for families
needing extra support with the wellbeing and
development of children.

- 9am-5pm Monday-Friday
- 1800 219 819

Berry Street runs a Statewide On Call Service in Central Highlands which will connect you to the 'After Hours program' and a specialist family violence worker in Central Highlands.

- 5pm 9am Mon-Friday
- Saturday and Sunday
- (03) 5331 3558



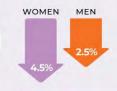
Covid-19 and Family Violence – What's coming?

COVID-19 IS A GENDERED PROBLEM

During the COVID-19 crisis, women are experiencing higher levels of depression, anxiety and stress than men.

of females have moderate to severe levels of depression, compared to 19% of males 27%
of females have
moderate to severe
levels of stress,
compared to 10%
of males

of women aged 18-24 report suicidal thoughts, compared to 17% of men 55% of job losses due to COVID-19 are women.



G MAJORITY OF THE

WOMEN.

CASUAL WORKERS

JOBKEEPER ARE

UNABLE TO ACCESS

\$205 BILLION

VALUE OF UNPAID LABOUR
BY VICTORIAN WOMEN
DELOITE REPORT 2019



DURING LOCKDOWN, WOMEN ARE SIGNIFICANTLY MORE LIKELY THAN MEN TO HAVE FELT:



30% 22%

THAT EVERYTHING WAS AN EFFORT



2800%
INCREASE IN DEMAND

TO THE WOMEN'S MENTAL
HEALTH CLINIC AT THE ALFRED
HOSPITAL IN ONE MONTH.

WOMEN ARE DEPLETING THEIR SUPERANNUATION AT A HIGHER RATE THAN MEN WHEN WITHDRAWING EMERGENCY COVID-19 FUNDS.

The majority of essential workers have been women and are in the **lowest paid jobs.**



CLEANERS







WOMEN ARE
PERFORMING FAR MORE
OF THE UNPAID LABOUR
AND ADDITIONAL
EDUCATIONAL SUPPORT
IN THE HOME DURING
LOCKDOWN.

THE PAYROLL IMPACT ON WOMEN HAS BEEN GREATER THAN MEN ACROSS MANY INDUSTRIES.

A GENDER EQUAL RECOVERY REQUIRES GENDER EQUAL SOLUTIONS



Credit: GENVIC Victoria: https://www.genvic.org.au/resources/covid-19-resources/impactfactsheets/

- Natural disasters increase the levels of family violence Ballarat has seen an increase of more than 40%
- When gender inequality is increased, family violence increases
- Family violence is likely to increase over the coming years
- Recovery should be tailored to address this
- Supporting victim survivors or holding perpetrators to account is key, and this is everybody's business
- BUT 'turning off the tap' is vital!
- We can all contribute to a more equal community the CoRE Alliance can support you: https://whg.org.au/our-work/prevention-violence-women/core/



Dr Jess Cadwallader
Principal Strategic Advisor
Central Highlands Integrated Family Violence Committee
jess@chifvc.org.au



Thank you and questions?