

Introductions

Review of bibliometric

measures

Pre-requisites

Demonstration of

basic use cases

Why InCites

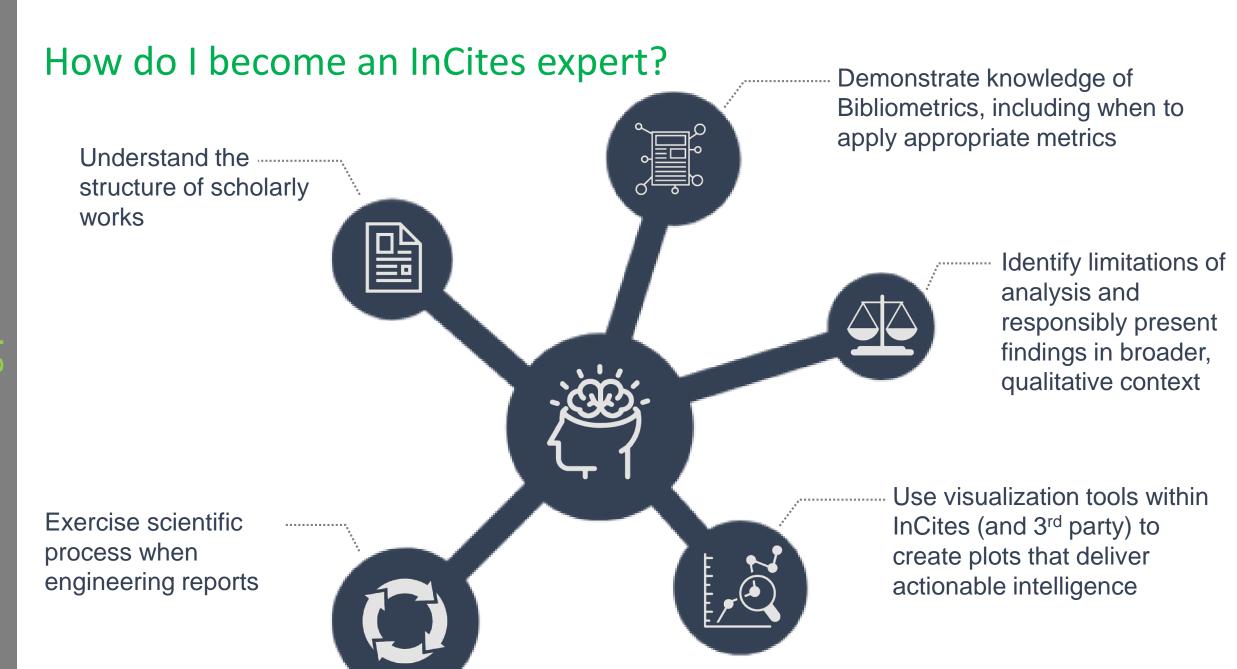
Next steps

InCites B&A data: quality matters

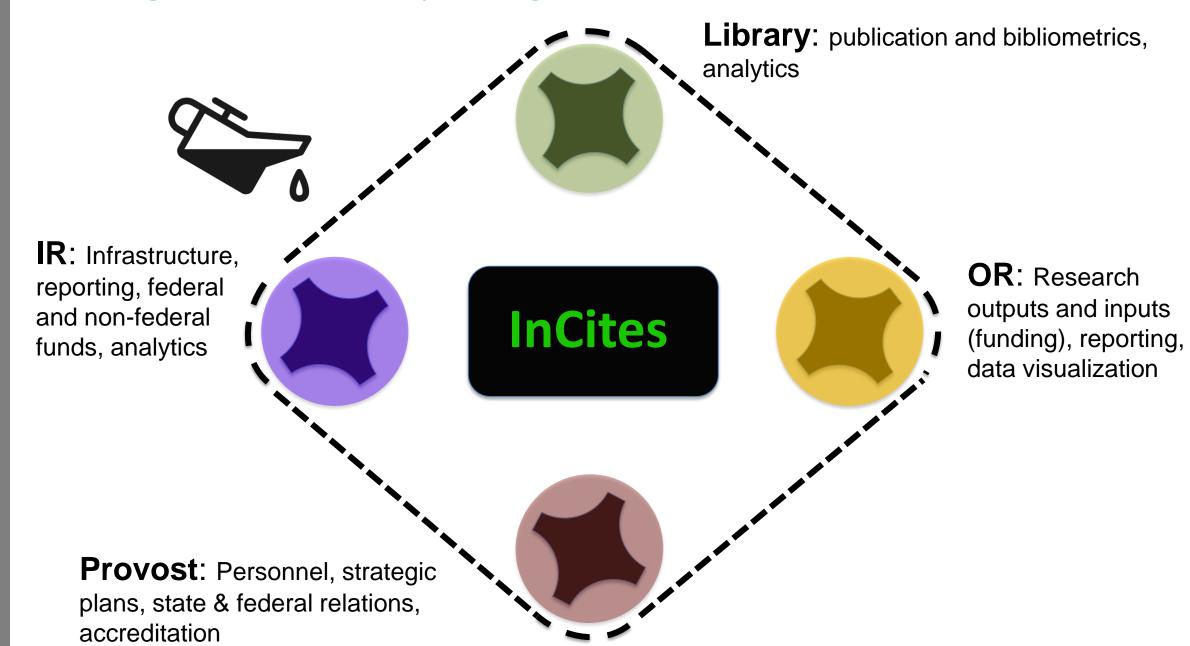
Questions and discussion



# Prerequisites



# Building a well-oiled reporting machine



# **Pre-requisites**

We recommend that all users of InCites complete the following pre-requisites

- Introduction to Bibliometrics training session
- Read the InCites Indicator Handbook

 New Incites B&A subscribers often elect to receive between 3 and 5 webinar based and in-person training sessions

# Where can I find additional resources on InCites?



The URL for this page:

http://clarivate.libguides.com/incites ba

### InCites Benchmarking & Analytics: Learn the Basics

InCites Benchmarking & Analytics is a research analytics tool.

**Learn the Basics** About InCites Data How do I use InCites?

### Stay up to date

Stay on top of InCites updates and enhancements, connect with other InCites users or ask a question by joining our InCites Google Group.

Use Case Guides

### What is InCites?

**Getting Started** 

InCites Benchmarking & Analytics is a customized, web-based research evaluation tool that can help you develop your research strategy. InCites B&A allows you to analyze institutional productivity, monitor collaboration activity, identify influential researchers, showcase strengths, and discover areas of opportunity.

### Technical Support

. EndNote Training Calendar

Training options

· Request Training

your organization.

View Tutorials

channel

Calendar

Ask us about training options for

Check out our YouTube training

· Web of Science & InCites Training

 Get Help Now Have a product question? Search our Knowledgebase or open a support case with our Customer

Quick feedback

Was this page helpful?

Yes

Care teams.

5. Learn more about the data source for InCites: Web of Science Core Collection.

2. Download and review the InCites at a Glance guide and the Indicators Handbook.

1. Create an account or use your existing Web of Science/Journal Citation

3. Sign up for a free, public webinar.

Reports/EndNote online profile.

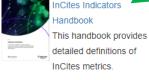
4. Browse and view our YouTube training videos.



Search

Search this Guide

for InCites features and functionalities





Concrete examples to help you clarify and explain metrics

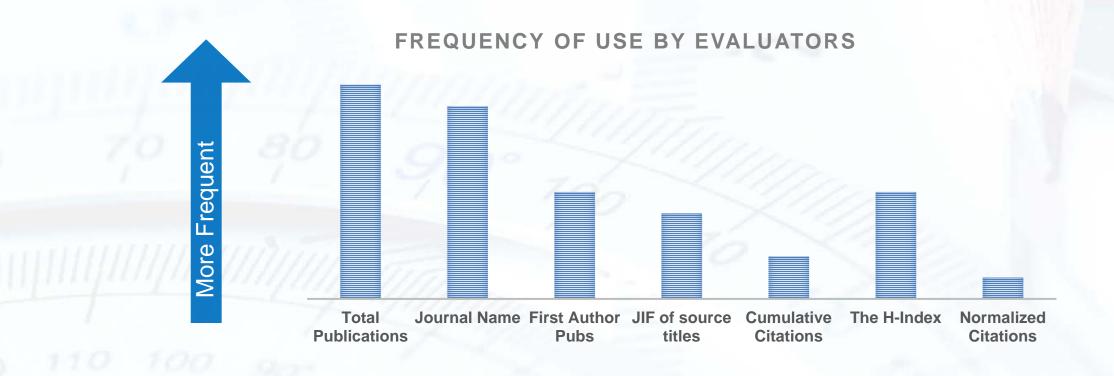
### **Recommended Videos**

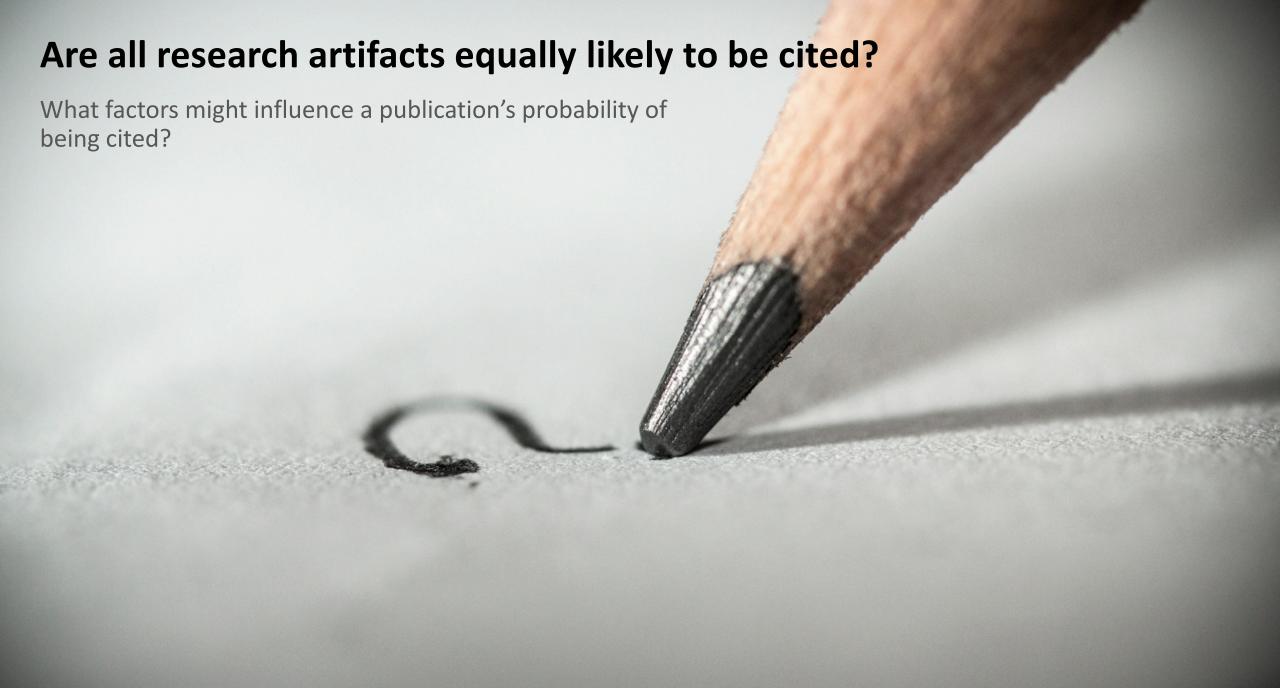


Read this!



# What metrics are most commonly used during researcher evaluation?





# There are three key variables that influence citation patterns

In order to make just comparisons that are actionable, we must adjust for (i.e., normalize) these variables.

# TIME SINCE PUBLICATION



Citations accumulate over time. The longer an article exists, the greater its chances of being cited.

And yet, some articles will initially receive many citations, but then go cold.

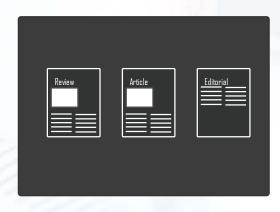
### **DISCIPLINE**



Citation frequencies vary considerable from one research area to another.

Here, those research areas are defined as "categories."

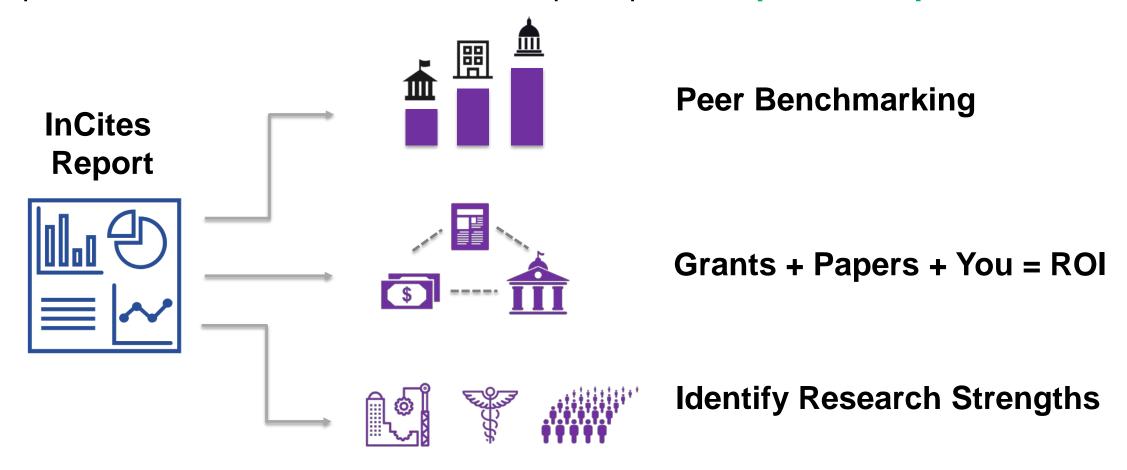
### **DOCUMENT TYPE**



The frequency of citations is typically higher for review articles than for primary research articles, books, or editorials

# How can InCites help?

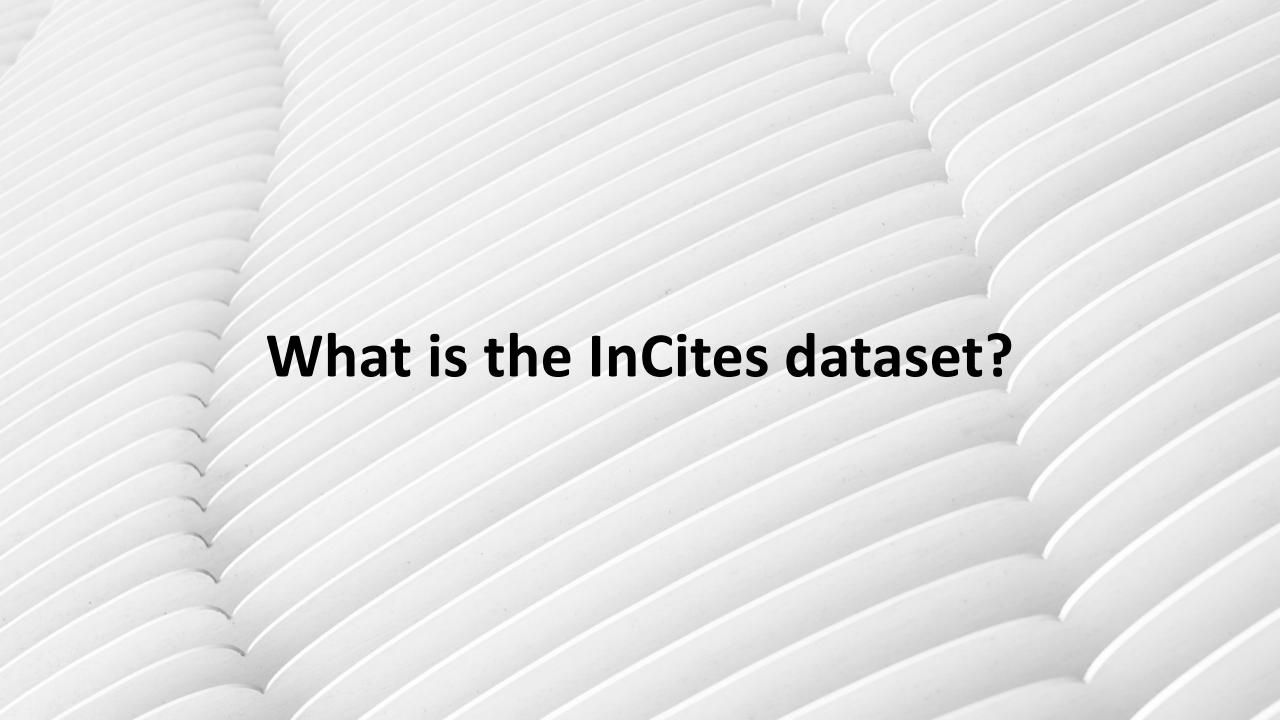
Incites is a cloud-based research evaluation tool. It facilitates research performance evaluation on two basic principles: **output** and **impact**.



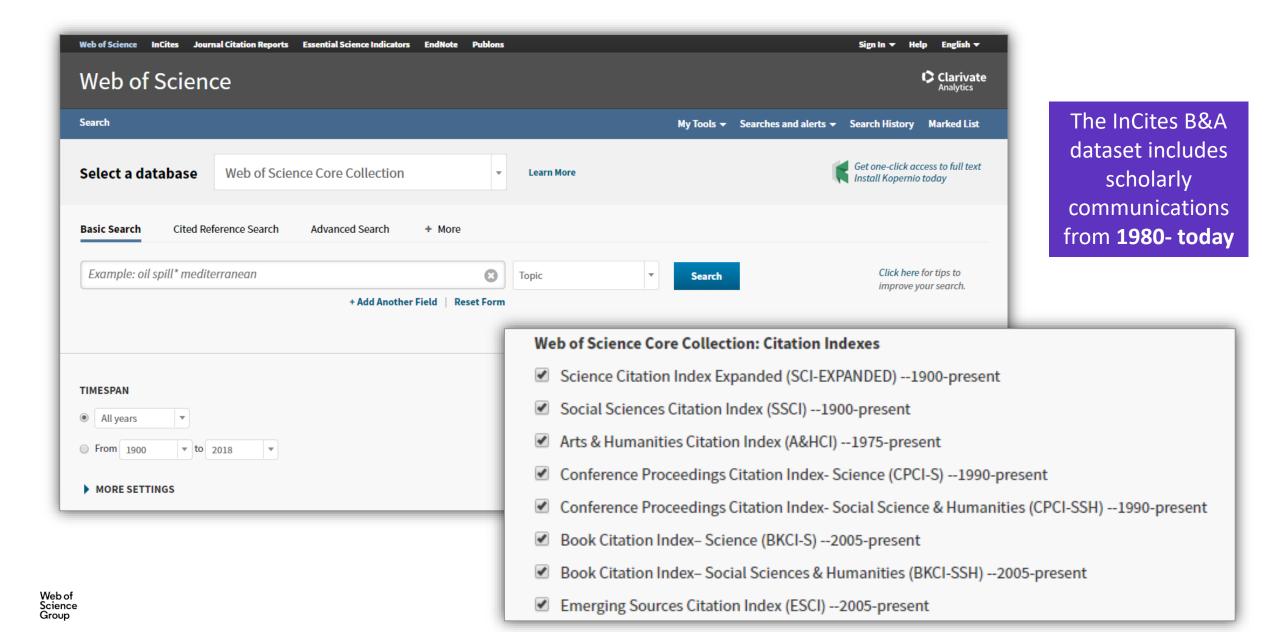
### A need for tools that inform research program decision making

Research Analytics— using metrics to understand research activities— addresses the need for administrators to answer the following:

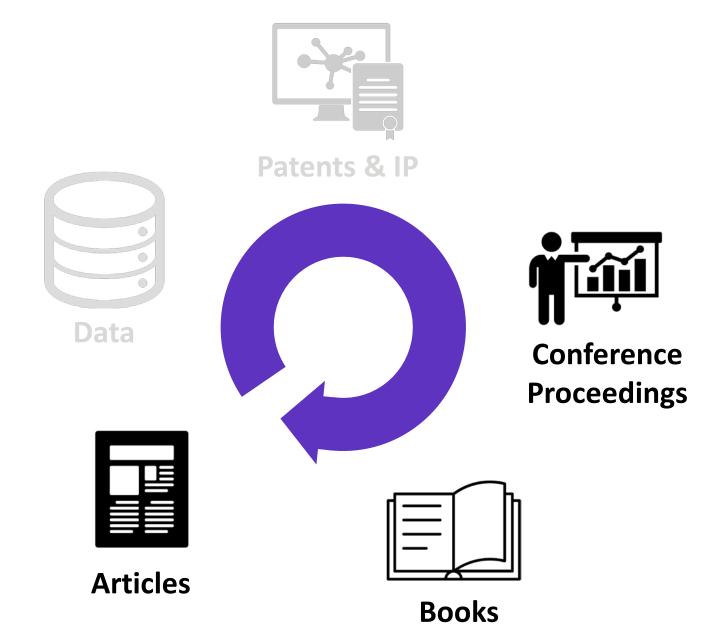
- How does my institution compare to peer institutions (down to the paper and individual level)?
- What are the strongest fields at my institution? Which ones need improvement?
- How many papers did my institution produce?
- Which authors are rising stars?
- Is my institution's research focus changing?
- Who is collaborating with whom inside and outside the institution? How often?
   And where is it most impactful?
- Who is worth retaining or recruiting?
- Specialized bibliometric studies
- API's that deliver bibliometric information to research information systems (e.g., VIVO)



### The InCites Dataset is a subset of available databases on the Web of Science platform



# What types of scholarly communications can I evaluate with InCites?



\*Patents and data are available on the Web of Science platform only

Web of Science Group

### How comprehensive or inclusive is our evaluation of research

All Authors/Addresses

**All Citations** 

Cover-to-Cover Indexing

International

Multidisciplinary



Social Sciences Citation Index
Arts & Humanities Citation Index
Conference Proceedings Citation Index
Book Citation Index

INCITES: BENCHMARKING
& ANALYTICS



100+ Countries

12,000+ Institutions

20,000+ Journals

190k+ Conference Proceedings

> 100k+ Scholarly Books















12,000+ Unified Organizations 1,300+ Unified Funders

Coverage: 1980 – Present

DATA & BASELINES
UPDATED MONTHLY

# Our philosophy on data quality, data management, and searching



# Living up to our data quality legacy



26 point journal quality selection criteria



Comprehensive record indexing: all authors, institutions, funders, and citations are captured



Cover-to-Cover
Indexing means
we index all forms
of scholarly
communication,
patents, abstracts,
data sets,
editorials, reviews,
corrections, and
retractions



On-going evaluation of indexed journals

# Review of bibliometric measures

# What is Bibliometrics?

Quantitative and statistical analysis of publications, including but not limited to articles, reviews, books, and conferences.

Bibliometrics often boils down to two key performance indicators:

**Productivity** 



**Impact** 



# We will only discuss a handful of metrics today

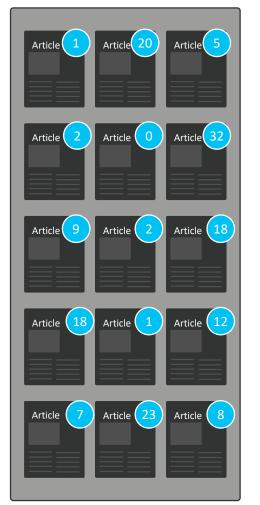
### **ABSOLUTE**

# of publications (sometimes by type)
# of citations
Average #citations/ publication
# of collaborating institutions
# of collaborating countries
Journal Impact Factor (JIF)
Documents in JIF journals
H-Index

### **RELATIVE**

Rank within group
Journal Normalized Citation Impact
Category Normalized Citation Impact
% documents in top 1%
% Highly Cited Papers
Percentile in Subject area
Impact Relative to World

### **InCites Benchmarking & Analytics: Category Normalized Citation Impact**



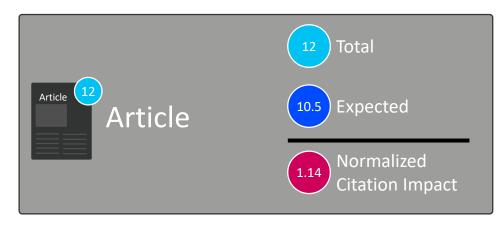
Expected number of citations for similar documents\*

Average calculated from sum of all documents in the selected group

- 158 Total Cites in group
- Documents in group
- 10.5 Expected cites

### Normalized

ratio of actual / expected citations



Normalized metrics are available for groups of papers, too.

- Authors
- Organizations
- Countries
- Journals
- Research areas
- Funding agencies

Expressed in relation to 1, with 1 representing average performance.



<sup>\*</sup>same subject category, publication year, and document type

## **InCites Benchmarking & Analytics: Percentile in Subject Area**

Article Title	Source	Research Area	Publication Year	Times Cited	Percentile in Subject Area
AASLD guidelines for treatment of chronic hepatitis B	Hepatology	GASTROENTEROLOGY & HEPATOLOGY	2016	100	0.01
Bad politicians	Journal of Public Economics	ECONOMICS	2004	100	4.13
The Daubert/Kumho implications of observer effects in forensic science	California Law Review	LAW	2002	100	4.18
Separable processing of consonants and vowels	Nature	LINGUISTICS	2000	100	4.24
The hur UL97 prot Lower percentile	Journal of Virology	VIROLOGY	1997	100	9.41
Lower percentile scores indicate better performance.	Journal of the National Cancer Institute	ONCOLOGY	1995	100	14.52
	Seminars in Hematology	HEMATOLOGY	2000	100	19.28
T 2N	Astrophysical Journal	ASTRONOMY & ASTROPHYSICS	2007	100	25.48
T-lym, interaction.	Current Opinion in Cell Biology	CELL BIOLOGY	2000	100	33.80

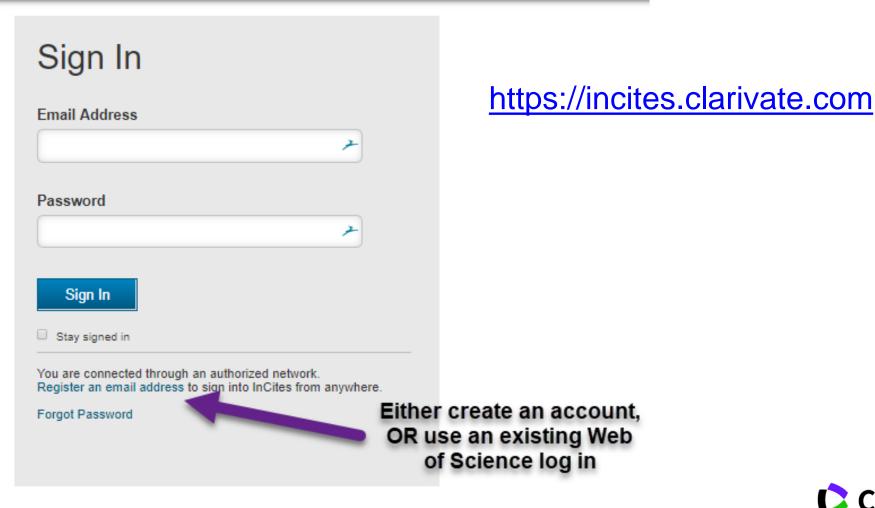
# **Product Demonstration**

http://incites.clarivate.com

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## How do I use InCites

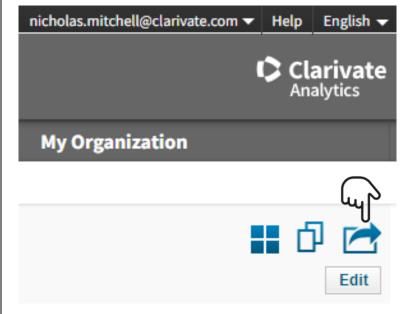






# Sharing an InCites Report

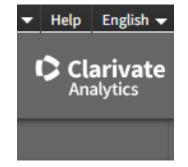
1 SHARE



2 RECEIVE











# Where can I find additional resources on InCites?



### InCites Benchmarking & Analytics: Learn the Basics

InCites Benchmarking & Analytics is a research analytics tool.

About InCites Data

Training options

**Learn the Basics** 

- · Request Training Ask us about training options for your organization.
- View Tutorials Check out our YouTube training channel
- · Web of Science & InCites Training Calendar
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### Technical Support

Get Help Now

Have a product question? Search our Knowledgebase or open a support case with our Customer Care teams.

### Quick feedback

Was this page helpful?

Yes

How do I use InCites?

Use Case Guides

### Stay up to date

Stay on top of InCites updates and enhancements, connect with other InCites users or ask a question by joining our InCites Google Group.

### What is InCites?

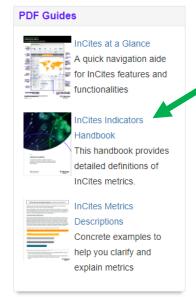
InCites Benchmarking & Analytics is a customized, web-based research evaluation tool that can help you develop your research strategy. InCites B&A allows you to analyze institutional productivity, monitor collaboration activity, identify influential researchers, showcase strengths, and discover areas of opportunity.

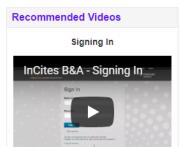
### **Getting Started**

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- 3. Sign up for a free, public webinar.
- 4. Browse and view our YouTube training videos.
- Collection.

5. Learn more about the data source for InCites: Web of Science Core

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### **URL** for this page:

http://clarivate.libguides.com/incites ba

Read this!

### **Useful Links**



Libguide <u>clarivate.libguides.com/home</u>



YouTube videos <a href="youtube.com/WoSTraining">youtube.com/WoSTraining</a>



Blog <u>clarivate.com/blog/category/science-research-connect/</u>



InCites Google Group <a href="mailto:groups.google.com/forum/#!forum/incites-user-group">groups.google.com/forum/#!forum/incites-user-group</a>



# Survey and Follow-up

Thank you for joining us!

Benjamin Clark Account Manager

Benjamin.clark@Clarivate.com



http://clarivate.libwizard.com/trainingsurve



### A Clarivate Analytics company

# Thank you

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### Comprehensive and transparent curation and selection criteria for high-quality research

✓ ISSN ✓ Artic ✓ URL ✓ Artic	cle Types	In-house Web of Science  3 Editorial Evaluation  ty criteria	ce Editors	Impact criteria
✓ ISSN ✓ Artic ✓ URL ✓ Artic	Qualit cle Types	ty criteria		Impact criteria
✓ URL ✓ Artic	cle Types			Impact criteria
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✓ DOI/ Consecutive Pagination ✓ Peer Review Statement ✓ Engl ✓ Cont ✓ Lang ✓ Time ✓ Ethic	cle Abstracts lish Language Bibliographic rmation lish Language Titles/ Table of tents guage Quality eliness & Volume cal Statement erences Roman Script	<ul> <li>✓ Website Architecture</li> <li>✓ Journal Infrastructure</li> <li>✓ Conflict of Interest         Statements     </li> <li>✓ Editorial Affiliation Details</li> <li>✓ Validity of Statements</li> <li>✓ Grant Support Details</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓ Editorial Board Diversity</li> <li>✓ Author Diversity</li> <li>✓ Community Relevance</li> <li>✓ Content Relevance</li> <li>✓ Peer Review</li> <li>✓ Journal Self-Citations</li> <li>✓ Author/ EBM Self-Citations</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>✓ Comparative         Citation Analysis</li> <li>✓ Author Citation         Analysis</li> <li>✓ EBM Citation         Analysis</li> <li>✓ Content Significance</li> </ul>
Successful outcomes  Starts editorial triage Sta	arts editorial evaluation	Enters ESCI and is ev	valuated for impact	Enters SCIE/SSCI/AHO

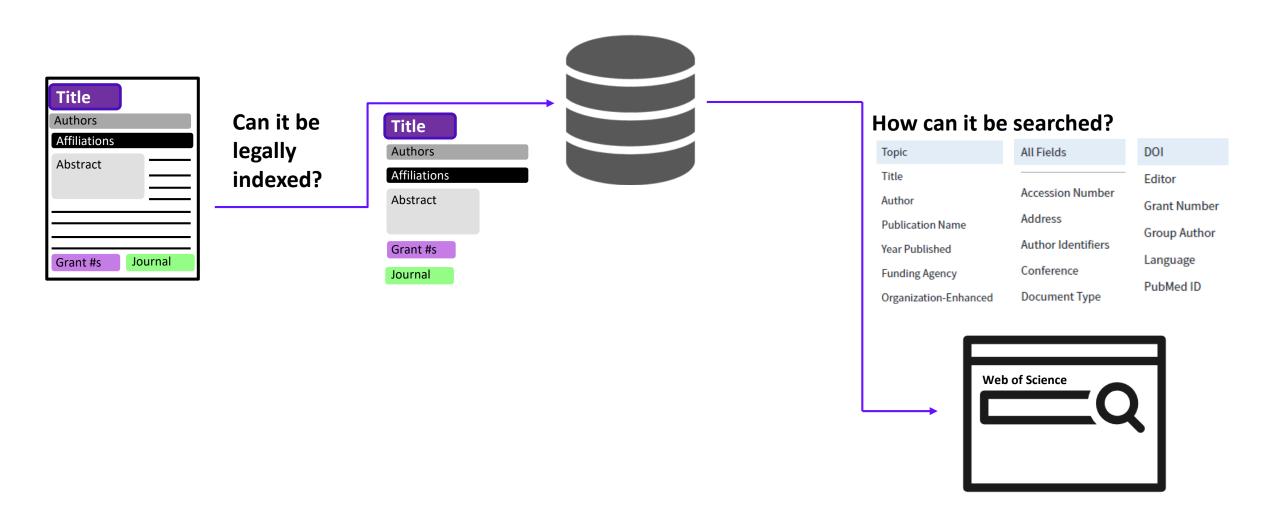
### **Comprehensive Indexing**



### **Comprehensive Indexing**



### **Comprehensive Indexing**



# Web of Science Core Collection: A fully indexed Citation Database

**Citation Network** 

Create Citation Alert

All Times Cited Counts

36 in All Databases

See more counts

Cited References

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Wang, Qiyuan; Cao, Junji; Han, Yongming;

Enhanced light absorption due to the mixing state of black carbon in fresh biomass burning emissions.

ATMOSPHERIC ENVIRONMENT (2018)

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#### Morphology and mixing state of aged soot particles at a remote marine free troposphere site: Implications for optical properties By: China, S (China, Swarup) [1,2]: Scarnato, B (Scarnato, Barbara) [3]: Owen, RC (Owen, Robert C.) [4]: Zhang, B (Zhang, Bo) [1]: Ampadu, MT (Ampadu, Marian T.)[5]; Kumar, S (Kumar, Sumit)[1,2]; Dzepina, K (Dzepina, Katja)[1,5]; Dziobak, MP (Dziobak, Michael P.)[1]; Fialho, P (Fialho, Paulo)[6]; Perlinger, JA (Perlinger, Judith A.)<sup>[1,7]</sup>; Hueber, J (Hueber, Jacques)<sup>[8]</sup>; Helmig, D (Helmig, Detlev)<sup>[8]</sup>; Mazzoleni, LR (Mazzoleni, Lynn R.)<sup>[1,5]</sup>; Mazzoleni, C (Mazzoleni, Claudio)[1,2] ...Less View ResearcherID and ORCID Author ORCID Number GEOPHYSICAL RESEARCH LETTERS Dzepina, Katja A-1372-2014 Volume: 42 Issue: 4 Pages: 1243-1250 DOI: 10.1002/2014GL062404 Fialho, Paulo http://orcid.org/0000-0001-9137-3870 Published: FEB 28 2015 Document Type: Article Zhang, Bo http://orcid.org/0000-0003-0746-4732 View Journal Impact Mazzoleni, Lynn http://orcid.org/0000-0002-0226-7337 **Abstract** The radiative properties of soot particles depend observations from an electron microscopy analysis of individual particles transported in the free troposphere over long distances to the remote Pico Mountain Observatory in the Azores in the North Atlantic. Approximately 70% of the soot particles were highly compact and of those 26% were thinly coated. Discrete dipole approximation simulations indicate that this compaction results in an increase in soot single scattering albedo by a factor of <= 2.17. The top of the atmosphere direct radiative forcing is typically smaller for highly compact than mass-equivalent lacy soot. The forcing estimated using Mie theory is within 12% of the forcing estimated using the discrete dipole approximation for a high surface albedo, implying that Mie calculations may provide a reasonable approximation for compact soot above remote marine clouds. KeyWords Plus: DISCRETE-DIPOLE APPROXIMATION; BLACK-CARBON AEROSOLS; RADIATIVE PROPERTIES; TECHNICAL NOTE; NS-SOOT; MODEL; SULFATE; HYGROSCOPICITY: SENSITIVITY: DEPENDENCE Reprint Address: China, S (reprint author) + Michigan Technol Univ, Atmospher Sci Program, Houghton, MI 49931 USA. + [1] Michigan Technol Univ, Atmospher Sci Program, Houghton, MI 49931 USA + [2] Michigan Technol Univ, Dept Phys, Houghton, MI 49931 USA [3] Naval Postgrad Sch, Dept Meteorol, Monterey, CA USA Organization-Enhanced Name(s) United States Department of Defense Naval Postgraduate School United States Navy + [4] US EPA, Res Triangle Pk, NC 27711 USA + [5] Michigan Technol Univ, Dept Chem, Houghton, MI 49931 USA + [6] Univ Azores, Dept Agr Sci, Angra Do Heroismo, Portugal + [7] Michigan Technol Univ, Dept Civil & Environm Engn, Houghton, MI 49931 USA E-mail Addresses: schina@mtu.edu; cmazzoleni@mtu.edu **Funding Grant Number Funding Agency** U.S. Department of Energy's Atmospheric System Research DE-SC0006941 National Science Foundation AGS-1110059 NASA's Earth and Space Science Graduate Fellowship

Earth Planetary and Space Sciences Institute at Michigan Technological University

- Cited references for all papers, back to 1900
- All author names and addresses captured for all papers
- Funding data from 2008-present



#### **Web of Science Core Collection**

# **Journal Selection Policy**

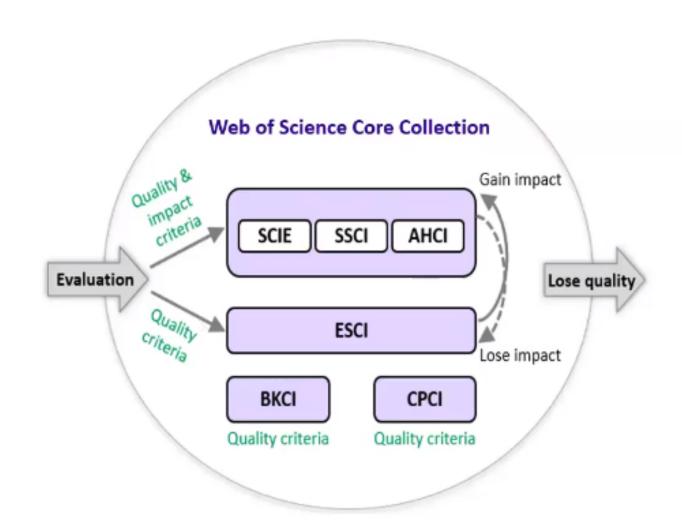
Journals are selected by experts with:

**150** years of experience

Fluency in 12 languages

affiliations with any journals or publishers

More information available in the Journal Selection Process Essay



# How we identify your publications (unification)

		KEY: Add = add to query
Organization Name:	Add	UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS HEALTH SCIENCE CENTER HOUSTON
Other Names:		UT HEALTH SCIENCE CENTER AT HOUSTON; UNIV TEXAS HITH SCI CTR HOUSTON; UNIVERSITY OF TEXAS HEALTH SCIENCE CENTER AT HOUSTON
Address:		7000 FANNIN, SUITE 1200 ,HOUSTON, TEXAS, UNITED STATES ,77030
Website:		www.uthouston.edu/

#### **Author Information**

Reprint Address: Haidar, ZA (reprint author)

Univ Texas Hlth Sci Ctr Houston, McGovern Med Sch, Dept Obstet Gynecol & Reprod Sci, MSB 3-262,6431 Fannin St, Houston, TX 77030 USA.
Organization-Enhanced Name(s)

Baylor College of Medicine

University of Texas Health Science Center Houston

University of Texas System

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Add	1200 HERMAN PRESSLER	Add	UNIVTEXAS	Add	UNIV TEXAS HLTH SCI CTR HOUSTON SCH BIOMED INFORM	Add	UNIV TEXAS HOUSTON HSC SON	Add	UT HLTH SCI CTR HOUSTON
Add	1300 MOURSUND	Add	UNIV TEXAS DENT BRANCH HOUSTON	Add	UNIV TEXAS HLTH SCI CTR HOUSTON SCH DENT	Add	UNIV TEXAS HOUSTON MED SCH	Add	UT HLTH UNIV TEXAS MED SCH
Add	1300 MOURSUND 206	Add	UNIV TEXAS HEATH SCI CTR	Add	UNIV TEXAS HLTH SCI CTR HOUSTON SCH NURSING	Add	UNIV TEXAS HOUSTON SCH MED	Add	UT HOUSTON
Add	1300 MOURSUND ST	Add	UNIV TEXAS HEATH SCI CTR HOUSTON	Add	UNIV TEXAS HLTH SCI CTR HOUSTON SCH PUBL HLTH	Add	UNIV TEXAS HOUSTON SCH PUBL HLTH	Add	UT HOUSTON MED SCH
Add	318 CRESTWOOD DR	Add	UNIV TEXAS HHSC	Add	UNIV TEXAS HLTH SCI CTR HOUSTON UT HLTH	Add	UNIV TEXAS HOUTON HLTH SCI CTR	Add	UT HOUSTON SCH PUBL HLTH
Add	6516 MD ANDERSON BLVD	Add	UNIV TEXAS HLTH	Add	UNIV TEXAS HLTH SCI CTR HOUSTON UTHEALTH	Add	UNIV TEXAS HSC	Add	UT MENTAL SCI INST
Add	CTR HLTH PROMOT PREVENT	Add	UNIV TEXAS HLTH CTR	Add	UNIV TEXAS HLTH SCI CTR HOUSTON UTHLTH	Add	UNIV TEXAS HSC HOUSTON	Add	UTHEALTH
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Add	IMM UTHSC H	Add	UNIV TEXAS HLTH SCI CENTER HOUSTON	Add	UNIV TEXAS HLTH SCI CTR SON	Add	UNIV TEXAS MED SCH UT HLTH	Add	UTHLTH MED SCH
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Add	POB 20249	Add	UNIV TEXAS HLTH SCI CNTR HOUSTON	Add	UNIV TEXAS HLTH SCI HOUSTON	Add	UNIV TEXAS SCH BIOMED INFORMAT HOUSTON	Add	UTHSC DALLAS
Add	POB 20334	Add	UNIV TEXAS HLTH SCI CTR	Add	UNIV TEXAS HLTH SCI SCTR	Add	UNIV TEXAS SCH DENT HOUSTON	Add	UTHSC DENT BRANCH
		Add	UNIV TEXAS HLTH SCI CTR DENT BRANCH	Add	UNIV TEXAS HLTH SCI SERV	Add	UNIV TEXAS SCH HLTH INFORMAT SCI	Add	UTHSC H
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Add	TEXAS MED CTR	Add	UNIV TEXAS HLTH SCI CTR HOUSTAN	Add	UNIV TEXAS HOUSTON HITH	Add	UNIV TEXAS SCH MED HOUSTON	Add	UTHSC HOUSTON SCH NURSING
Add	TEXAS RES INST MED SCI	Add	UNIV TEXAS HLTH SCI CTR HOUSTON	Add	UNIV TEXAS HOUSTON HITH SCI CALE	Add	UNIV TEXAS SCH NURSING HOUSTON	Add	UTHSC MED SCH
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				Aud	ONLY LEAMS HOUSTON BELL SCIS CIK				

# **InCites** Benchmarking & Analytics

Calibrate Your Strategic Research Vision





>1,000 Unified Funders

Coverage: 1980 – 2018



> 56 million articles, books, and conference proceedings

Consistent, reproducible journal and research area normalized metrics

Create novel datasets, visualize analyses, and evaluate performance

Web of Science
Trust the difference



#### NORMALIZED (RELATIVE) INDICATORS

# **NORMALIZATION: PUTTING CITATIONS IN CONTEXT**

# FIELD/DISCIPLINE:

Average number of citations varies significantly across disciplines

#### TIME:

Citations are dynamic; they grow over time at different rates

# DOCUMENT TYPE:

Different publication types have different citation behaviors (article vs. review)

CATEGORY NORMALIZED CITATION IMPACT

Journal Normalized Citation Impact

AVERAGE PERCENTILE % Documents IN Top 1%

% Documents IN Top 10% ESI HOT & HIGHLY CITED PAPERS

% HOT Papers % HIGHLY CITED PAPERS



# Different research disciplines have different citation rates

#### InCites Essential Science Indicators

Citation Rates are yearly averages of citations per paper.

RESEARCH FIELDS A	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	All Years
MATHEMATICS	9.13	8.54	7.72	7.01	5.78	4.63	3.61	2.72	1.86	0.91	0.22	4.44
MOLECULAR BIOLOGY & GENETICS	56.08	<del>( 49.15</del>	45.07	39.73	33.85	26.95	21.81	15.75	10.07	4.67	0.90	24.86

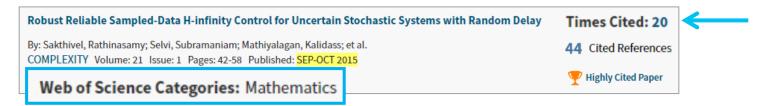
Average 2015

Mathematics paper:

1.86 citations

Average 2015 Molecular Biology & Genetics paper: 10.07 citations

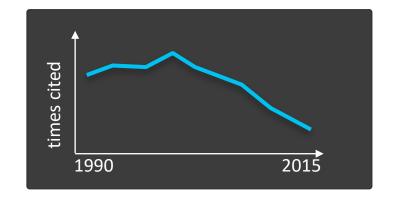
#### Both papers are in the Top 1% based on their subject area & publication year





# **InCites Benchmarking & Analytics: Normalized Citation Impact**

Business Biology
Law Oncology
Respiratory Systems
Agronomy
Substance Abuse



# Review Article Editorial Editorial

#### Category

Citation patterns differ by subject category

e.g. nanotechnology vs law

#### **Time**

Citations accumulate over time and at different rates depending on article age and category

e.g. new articles may accumulate citations quickly, older ones more slowly or not at all

#### **Document Type**

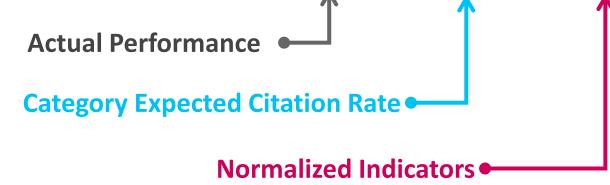
Citations differ by document type within a journal

e.g. reviews are generally more heavily cited than articles, and editorials, book reviews etc. may go uncited

**Normalization** puts data into context— is an entity doing better or worse than would be expected in a journal or category?

#### What does 20 citations mean?

Article Title	Authors	Source	Research Area	<i>l</i> olume	Issue	Pages	Publication Date	Times Cited ▼	Journal Expected Citations	Category Expected Citations	Journal Normalized Citation Impact	Category Normalized Citation Impact	Percentile in Subject Area	Journal Impact Factor
THE EFFECT OF LONG-TERM OZONE EXPOSURE ON INJURY IN SEEDLINGS OF RED SPRUCE (PICEA-RUBENS SARG)	Fincher, J; Alscher, RG	NEW PHYTOLOGIST	PLANT SCIENCES	120	1	49-59	1992	20	38.24	26.52	.52	.75	38.25	7.21
Long-Run Impacts of Unions on Firms: New Evidence from Financial Markets, 1961-1999	Lee, David S.; Mas, Alexandre	QUARTERLY JOURNA:L OF ECONOMICS	ECONOMICS	127	1	333-378	2012	20	41.27	5.4	.48	3.7	6.12	5.54

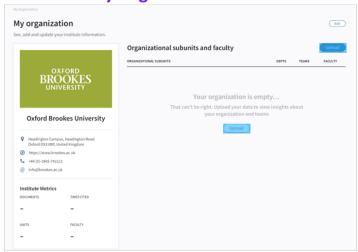


# **Additional InCites Platform Resources**

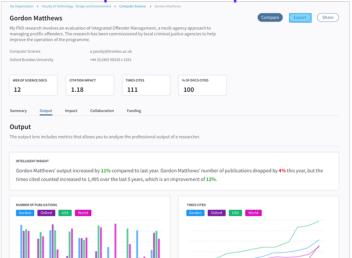
# **Coming Soon: InCites My Organization**

Quickly and easily import your organization and publication data to reliably conduct internal faculty and group-level analysis & reporting.

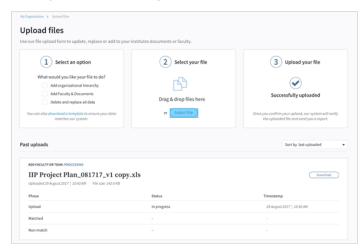
1. Access "My Organization"



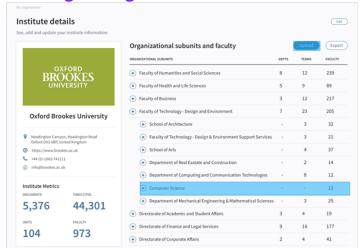
4. Run & Export Citation Reports



2. Import File - Organization Structure and Publications



3. Navigate Organizational Structure



#### InCites & the Web of Science Core Collection

#### WEB OF SCIENCE PLATFORM

#### Web of Science Core Collection

- Science Citation Index Expanded
- Social Sciences Citation Index
- Arts & Humanities Citation Index
- Conference Proceedings Citation Index
- Book Citation Index
- Emerging Sources Citation Index

#### **INCITES PLATFORM**

#### **Journal Citation Reports**

 Impact Factor - uses data from most recent JCR data year + prior 2 years

#### **Essential Science Indicators**

- Data from most recent 10 year period
- Hot & Highly Cited papers in 22 categories

#### **Benchmarking & Analytics**

Data from most recent 39-year period

#### **Journal Citation Reports**

The JCR is an annual report that distills citation trend data from the Web of Science Core Collection to help you understand journal performance.

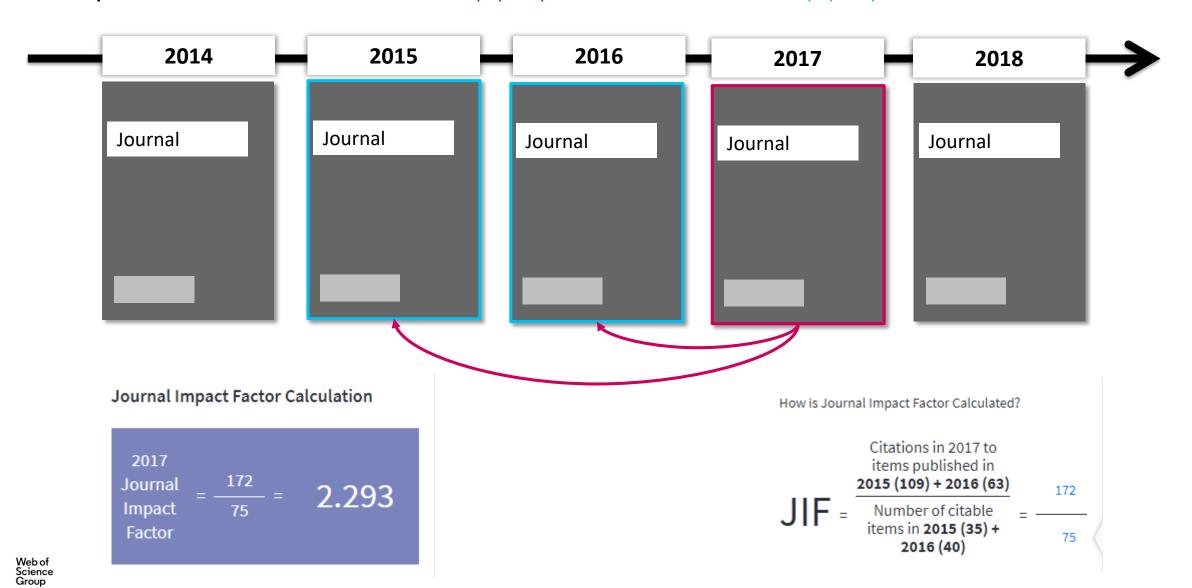
- View Journal Impact Factor and other metrics.
- Data represents a snapshot in time: the 2018 edition reflects citations from literature published in 2017.
- All journals in JCR are sourced from two indexes:
  - Science Citation Index Expanded
  - Social Sciences Citation Index
- Citations are sourced from all indexes in the Core Collection.
  - New in 2018: Citations from the Book Citation
     Index content contribute to Journal Impact Factor numerators.



**Product Release Notes** 

# Journal Impact Factor reflects a JOURNAL's overall performance

2017 Impact Factor: Ratio of citations from 2017 to papers published in 2015 and 2016 to papers published in 2015 and 2016

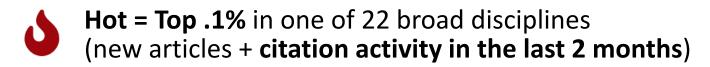


#### **Essential Science Indicators**

Identify top performing papers & institutions, and emerging topics generating high citation activity in 22 scientific fields.

- Highly Cited Rankings for Countries, Institutions, Scientists, and Journals
  - Based on citation performance from the past 10 years
- "Hot" and "Highly Cited" article integration with Web of Science Core Collection





#### **Essential Science Indicators**

#### 22 Research Fields

Agricultural Sciences

Biology & Biochemistry

Chemistry

Clinical Medicine

**Computer Science** 

Ecology/Environment

Economics & Business

Engineering

Geosciences

**Immunology** 

**Material Sciences** 

**Mathematics** 

Microbiology

Molecular Biology & Genetics

Multidisciplinary

Neuroscience & Behavior

Pharmacology & Toxicology

**Physics** 

Plant & Animal Science

Psychology/Psychiatry

Social Sciences, general

Space Science

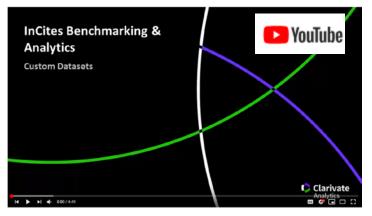
Scope notes for each field



#### Save to InCites from Web of Science Core Collection

- See normalized metrics for each paper in your results set to put citation counts into context by field & journal
- Identify experts & centers of excellence on your topic of interest
- View publication trends by country to understand the global research landscape specific to your area of interest
- Datasets: 50,000 documents (search results) or 50,000 documents from Marked List.
  - 50,000 counted against your sort on the WoS results page
  - Content restricted to the Core Collection 1980 to present





Watch the video

#### Web of Science Core Collection Data

- All author names listed on papers are captured
  - Full names, when available, from 2007-present
  - Names linked to institutional affiliation from 2008-present
- All institutional affiliations of authors are captured
  - Variants of over 12,700 organizations are unified to preferred names
- All Funding Agency information on SCI-E papers captured from 2008-present
  - All Funding Agency information on SSCI papers captured from 2015-present
  - Clarivate Analytics has begun initial work with funders to unify funding data

#### **Author data in the Web of Science Core Collection**



Web of Science indexed name is linked to affiliation.

(2008-present)

The name linked to ORCID and/or RID is imported from the ID system.

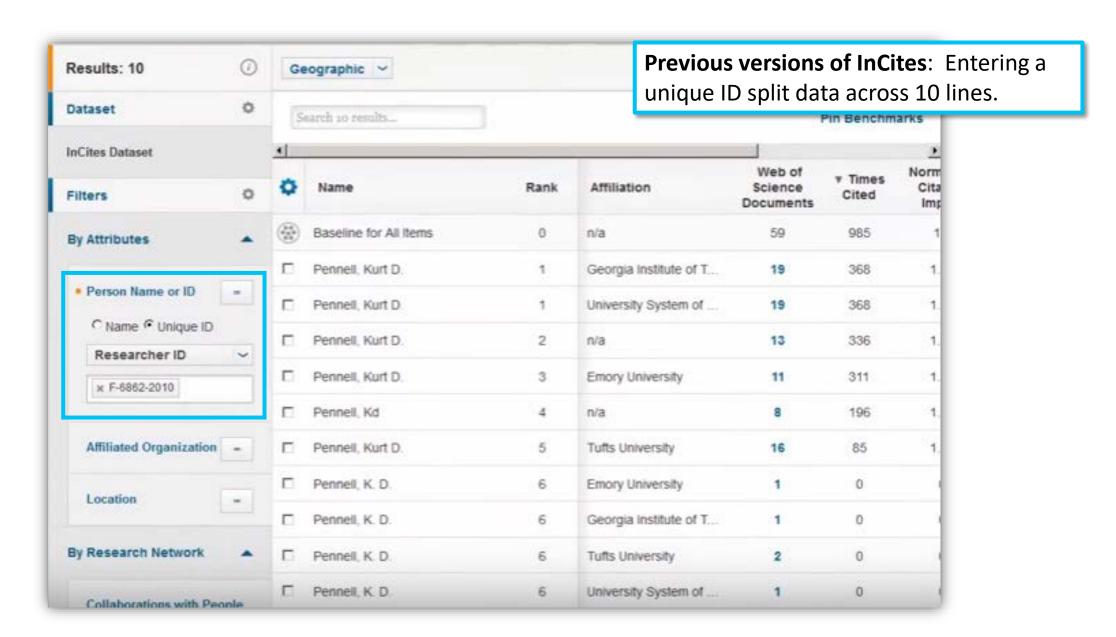
NO CONNECTION BETWEEN THE NAME FROM ORCID/RID & THE WOS-INDEXED AUTHOR NAME.

NO CONNECTION BETWEEN ORCID/RID AND AFFILIATION.

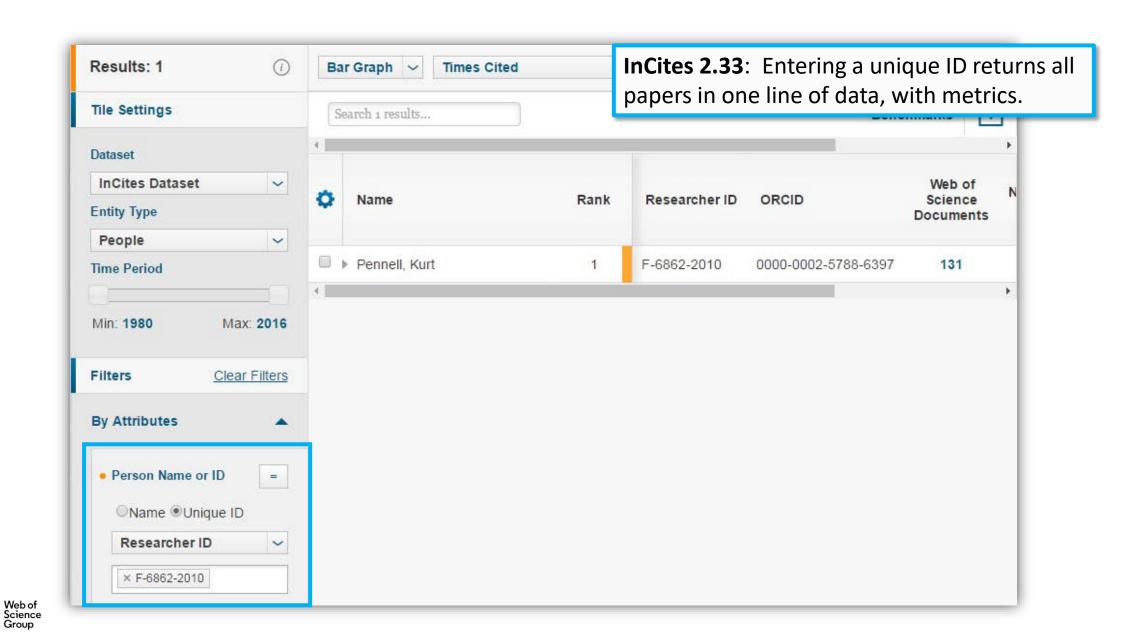
# **Changes to the InCites People Data Model**

- Two modes in People Explore:
  - Name: Author names reflecting indexing from the Web of Science
    - Names are tied to affiliations from 2008-present
  - Unique ID: Author names imported from ORCID and Researcher ID profiles
    - New in InCites 2.33: When you filter by an author's unique ID (RID or ORCID), data is no longer split across multiple lines.
    - Unique IDs do not have affiliations data.
- It is NOT possible to use filters in InCites to find all of the ORCIDs or RIDs associated with an institution.

#### **UNIQUE ID SEARCH: PRE-2.33**



# **UNIQUE ID SEARCH: INCITES 2.33 & subsequent**





# Citation metrics are only as good as their source

Who is using the Web of Science Core Collection?

#### Universities

100% of AAU Institutions100% of Big Ten Institutions100% of Ivy League Institutions96% of Carnegie R1 Institutions

#### **Government & Funding Agencies**

NIH, AAU and many more



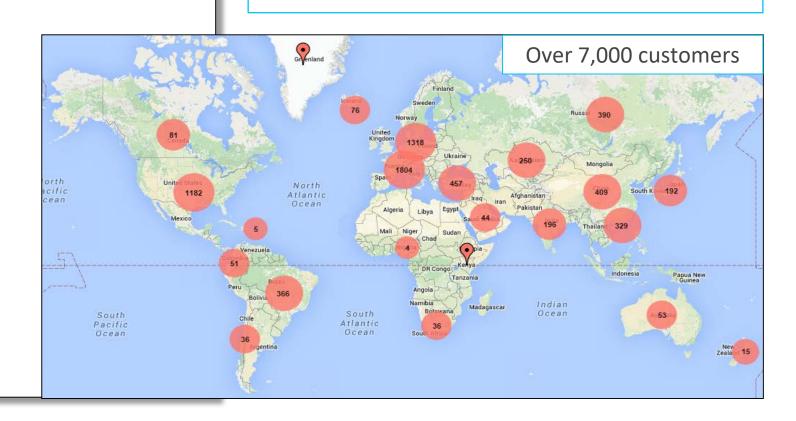








Web of Science Core Collection data have been used in major research evaluation initiatives around the globe for decades.



# Web of Science Core Collection: High quality data for bibliometric analysis

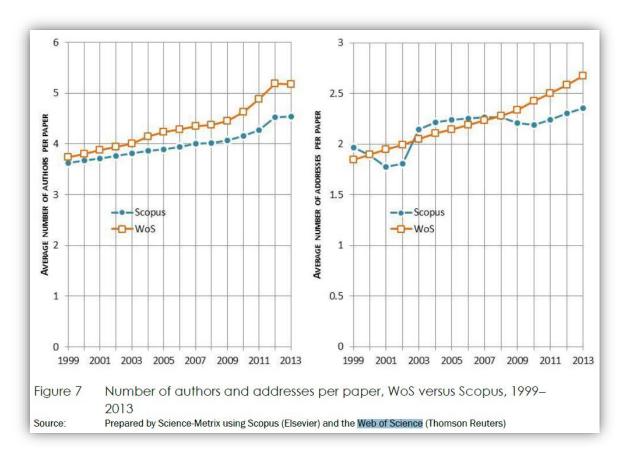


Figure from: Côté, G., Roberge, G., & Archambault, É. (2016). Bibliometrics and Patent Indicators for the Science and Engineering Indicators 2016: Comparison of 2016 Bibliometric Indicators to 2014 Indicators. "It turns out that according to our citationbased criteria, Web of Science performs significantly better than Scopus in terms of the accuracy of its journal classification system."

# Large-Scale Analysis of the Accuracy of the Journal Classification Systems of Web of Science and Scopus

Qi Wang

(Department of Industrial Economics and Management, KTH-Royal Institute of Technology, Lindstedtsvägen 30, 11428 Stockholm, Sweden) qi.wang@indek.kth.se

Ludo Waltman

(Centre for Science and Technology Studies, Leiden University, PO Box 905, 2300 AX, Leiden, Netherlands) waltmanlr@cwts.leidenuniv.nl

Wang, Q., Waltman, L. (2016). Large-scale analysis of the accuracy of the journal classification systems of Web of Science and Scopus. *Journal of Informetrics*, 10(2) 347-364.